

- A. Port the application code to run on Google App Engine.
- B. Integrate Cloud Dataflow into the application to capture real-time metrics.
- C. Instrument the application with a monitoring tool like Stackdriver Debugger.
- D. Select an automation framework to reliably provision the cloud infrastructure.
- E. Deploy a continuous integration tool with automated testing in a staging environment.
- F. Migrate from MySQL to a managed NoSQL database like Google Cloud Datastore or Bigtable.

**Correct Answer:** AEF

**Explanation:**

<https://cloud.google.com/appengine/docs/standard/java/tools/uploadinganapp>

<https://cloud.google.com/appengine/docs/standard/java/building-app/cloud-sql>

#### QUESTION 38

The database administration team has asked you to help them improve the performance of their new database server running on Google Compute Engine. The database is for importing and normalizing their performance statistics and is built with MySQL running on Debian Linux. They have an n1-standard-8 virtual machine with 80 GB of SSD persistent disk. What should they change to get better performance from this system?

- A. Increase the virtual machine's memory to 64 GB.
- B. Create a new virtual machine running PostgreSQL.
- C. Dynamically resize the SSD persistent disk to 500 GB.
- D. Migrate their performance metrics warehouse to BigQuery.
- E. Modify all of their batch jobs to use bulk inserts into the database.

**Correct Answer:** C

#### QUESTION 39

You have developed an application using Cloud ML Engine that recognizes famous paintings from uploaded images. You want to test the application and allow specific people to upload images for the next 24 hours. Not all users have a Google Account. How should you have users upload images?

- A. Have users upload the images to Cloud Storage. Protect the bucket with a password that expires after 24 hours.
- B. Have users upload the images to Cloud Storage using a signed URL that expires after 24 hours.
- C. Create an App Engine web application where users can upload images. Configure App Engine to disable the application after 24 hours. Authenticate users via Cloud Identity.
- D. Create an App Engine web application where users can upload images for the next 24 hours. Authenticate users via Cloud Identity.

**Correct Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

<https://cloud.google.com/blog/products/storage-data-transfer/uploading-images-directly-to-cloud-storage-by-using-signed-url>

#### QUESTION 40

A production database virtual machine on Google Compute Engine has an ext4-formatted persistent disk for data files. The database is about to run out of storage space. How can you remediate the problem with the least amount of downtime?

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- A. In the Cloud Platform Console, increase the size of the persistent disk and use the `resize2fs` command in Linux.
- B. Shut down the virtual machine, use the Cloud Platform Console to increase the persistent disk size, then restart the virtual machine.
- C. In the Cloud Platform Console, increase the size of the persistent disk and verify the new space is ready to use with the `fdisk` command in Linux.
- D. In the Cloud Platform Console, create a new persistent disk attached to the virtual machine, format and mount it, and configure the database service to move the files to the new disk.
- E. In the Cloud Platform Console, create a snapshot of the persistent disk, restore the snapshot to a new larger disk, unmount the old disk, mount the new disk, and restart the database service.

**Correct Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

On Linux instances, connect to your instance and manually resize your partitions and file systems to use the additional disk space that you added.

Extend the file system on the disk or the partition to use the added space. If you grew a partition on your disk, specify the partition. If your disk does not have a partition table, specify only the disk ID.

```
sudo resize2fs /dev/[DISK_ID][PARTITION_NUMBER]
```

where [DISK\_ID] is the device name and [PARTITION\_NUMBER] is the partition number for the device where you are resizing the file system.

References:

<https://cloud.google.com/compute/docs/disks/add-persistent-disk>

**QUESTION 41**

You have an App Engine application that needs to be updated. You want to test the update with production traffic before replacing the current application version. What should you do?

- A. Deploy the update using the Instance Group Updater to create a partial rollout, which allows for canary testing.
- B. Deploy the update as a new version in the App Engine application, and split traffic between the new and current versions.
- C. Deploy the update in a new VPC, and use Google's global HTTP load balancing to split traffic between the update and current applications.
- D. Deploy the update as a new App Engine application, and use Google's global HTTP load balancing to split traffic between the new and current applications.

**Correct Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

<https://cloud.google.com/appengine/docs/standard/python/splitting-traffic>

**QUESTION 42**

An application development team has come to you for advice. They are planning to write and deploy an HTTP(S) API using Go 1.12. The API will have a very unpredictable workload and must remain reliable during peaks in traffic. They want to minimize operational overhead for this application. What approach should you recommend?

- A. Use a Managed Instance Group when deploying to Compute Engine

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- B. Develop an application with containers, and deploy to Google Kubernetes Engine (GKE)
- C. Develop the application for App Engine standard environment
- D. Develop the application for App Engine Flexible environment using a custom runtime

**Correct Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

<https://cloud.google.com/appengine/docs/the-appengine-environments>

#### QUESTION 43

Your company is developing a new application that will allow globally distributed users to upload pictures and share them with other selected users. The application will support millions of concurrent users. You want to allow developers to focus on just building code without having to create and maintain the underlying infrastructure. Which service should you use to deploy the application?

- A. App Engine
- B. Cloud Endpoints
- C. Compute Engine
- D. Google Kubernetes Engine

**Correct Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

<https://cloud.google.com/terms/services>

<https://cloud.google.com/appengine/docs/standard/go/how-requests-are-handled>

#### QUESTION 44

All compute Engine instances in your VPC should be able to connect to an Active Directory server on specific ports. Any other traffic emerging from your instances is not allowed. You want to enforce this using VPC firewall rules. How should you configure the firewall rules?

- A. Create an egress rule with priority 1000 to deny all traffic for all instances. Create another egress rule with priority 100 to allow the Active Directory traffic for all instances.
- B. Create an egress rule with priority 100 to deny all traffic for all instances. Create another egress rule with priority 1000 to allow the Active Directory traffic for all instances.
- C. Create an egress rule with priority 1000 to allow the Active Directory traffic. Rely on the implied deny egress rule with priority 100 to block all traffic for all instances.
- D. Create an egress rule with priority 100 to allow the Active Directory traffic. Rely on the implied deny egress rule with priority 1000 to block all traffic for all instances.

**Correct Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

<https://cloud.google.com/vpc/docs/firewalls>

#### QUESTION 45

Your company is building a new architecture to support its data-centric business focus. You are responsible for setting up the network. Your company's mobile and web-facing applications will be deployed on-premises, and all data analysis will be conducted in GCP. The plan is to process and load 7 years of archived .csv files totaling 900 TB of data and then continue loading 10 TB of data daily. You currently have an existing 100-MB internet connection. What actions will meet your company's needs?

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- A. Compress and upload both achieved files and files uploaded daily using the gsutil -m option.
- B. Lease a Transfer Appliance, upload archived files to it, and send it, and send it to Google to transfer archived data to Cloud Storage. Establish a connection with Google using a Dedicated Interconnect or Direct Peering connection and use it to upload files daily.
- C. Lease a Transfer Appliance, upload archived files to it, and send it, and send it to Google to transfer archived data to Cloud Storage. Establish one Cloud VPN Tunnel to VPC networks over the public internet, and compares and upload files daily using the gsutil 璦 option.
- D. Lease a Transfer Appliance, upload archived files to it, and send it to Google to transfer archived data to Cloud Storage. Establish a Cloud VPN Tunnel to VPC networks over the public internet, and compress and upload files daily.

**Correct Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

<https://cloud.google.com/interconnect/docs/how-to/direct-peering>

**QUESTION 46**

You need to develop procedures to test a disaster plan for a mission-critical application. You want to use Google-recommended practices and native capabilities within GCP. What should you do?

- A. Use Deployment Manager to automate service provisioning. Use Activity Logs to monitor and debug your tests.
- B. Use Deployment Manager to automate provisioning. Use Stackdriver to monitor and debug your tests.
- C. Use gcloud scripts to automate service provisioning. Use Activity Logs monitor and debug your tests.
- D. Use automated scripts to automate service provisioning. Use Activity Logs monitor and debug your tests.

**Correct Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

<https://cloud.google.com/solutions/dr-scenarios-planning-guide>

**QUESTION 47**

An application development team believes their current logging tool will not meet their needs for their new cloud-based product. They want a better tool to capture errors and help them analyze their historical log data. You want to help them find a solution that meets their needs, what should you do?

- A. Direct them to download and install the Google StackDriver logging agent.
- B. Send them a list of online resources about logging best practices.
- C. Help them define their requirements and assess viable logging tools.
- D. Help them upgrade their current tool to take advantage of any new features.

**Correct Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

Help them define their requirements and assess viable logging tools. They know the requirements and the existing tools' problems. While it's true StackDriver Logging and Error Reporting possibly meet all their requirements, there might be other tools also meet their need. They need you to provide expertise to make assessment for new tools, specifically, logging tools that can "capture errors and help them analyze their historical log data".

References:

<https://cloud.google.com/logging/docs/agent/installation>

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**QUESTION 48**

You need to evaluate your team readiness for a new GCP project. You must perform the evaluation and create a skills gap plan incorporates the business goal of cost optimization. Your team has deployed two GCP projects successfully to date. What should you do?

- A. Allocate budget for team training. Set a deadline for the new GCP project.
- B. Allocate budget for team training. Create a roadmap for your team to achieve Google Cloud certification based on job role.
- C. Allocate budget to hire skilled external consultants. Set a deadline for the new GCP project.
- D. Allocate budget to hire skilled external consultants. Create a roadmap for your team to achieve Google Cloud certification based on job role.

**Correct Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

[https://services.google.com/fh/files/misc/cloud\\_center\\_of\\_excellence.pdf](https://services.google.com/fh/files/misc/cloud_center_of_excellence.pdf)

**QUESTION 49**

Your company has a stateless web API that performs scientific calculations. The web API runs on a single Google Kubernetes Engine (GKE) cluster. The cluster is currently deployed in us-central1. Your company has expanded to offer your API to customers in Asia. You want to reduce the latency for the users in Asia. What should you do?

- A. Use a global HTTP(s) load balancer with Cloud CDN enabled
- B. Create a second GKE cluster in asia-southeast1, and expose both API's using a Service of type Load Balancer. Add the public Ips to the Cloud DNS zone
- C. Increase the memory and CPU allocated to the application in the cluster
- D. Create a second GKE cluster in asia-southeast1, and use kubemci to create a global HTTP(s) load balancer

**Correct Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

[https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/docs/concepts/multi-cluster-ingress#how\\_works](https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/docs/concepts/multi-cluster-ingress#how_works)

<https://github.com/GoogleCloudPlatform/k8s-multicloud-ingress>

<https://cloud.google.com/blog/products/gcp/how-to-deploy-geographically-distributed-services-on-kubernetes-engine-with-kubemci>

**QUESTION 50**

You have an application that will run on Compute Engine. You need to design an architecture that takes into account a disaster recovery plan that requires your application to fail over to another region in case of a regional outage. What should you do?

- A. Deploy the application on two Compute Engine instances in the same project but in a different region. Use the first instance to serve traffic, and use the HTTP load balancing service to fail over to the standby instance in case of a disaster.
- B. Deploy the application on a Compute Engine instance. Use the instance to serve traffic, and use the HTTP load balancing service to fail over to an instance on your premises in case of a disaster.
- C. Deploy the application on two Compute Engine instance groups, each in the same project but in a different region. Use the first instance group to serve traffic, and use the HTTP load balancing service to fail over to the standby instance group in case of a disaster.
- D. Deploy the application on two Compute Engine instance groups, each in separate project and a different region. Use the first instance group to server traffic, and use the HTTP load balancing

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