QUESTION 381

With Discretionary access controls, who determines who has access and what privilege they have?

- A. End users.
- B. None of the choices.
- C. Resource owners.
- D. Only the administrators.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 382

What defines an imposed access control level?

- A. MAC
- B. DAC
- C. SAC
- D. CAC

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 383

Under MAC, who can change the category of a resource?

- A. All users.
- B. Administrators only.
- C. All managers.
- D. None of the choices.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 384

Under MAC, who may grant a right of access that is explicitly forbidden in the access control policy?

- A. None of the choices.
- B. All users.
- C. Administrators only.
- D. All managers.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 385

You may describe MAC as:

- A. Opportunistic
- B. Prohibitive
- C. None of the choices
- D. Permissive

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 386

Under MAC, which of the following is true?

- A. All that is expressly permitted is forbidden.
- B. All that is not expressly permitted is forbidden.
- C. All that is not expressly permitted is not forbidden.
- D. None of the choices.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 387

Under MAC, a clearance is a:

- A. Sensitivity
- B. Subject
- C. Privilege
- D. Object

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 388

Under MAC, a file is a(n):

- A. Privilege
- B. Subject
- C. Sensitivity
- D. Object

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 389

Under MAC, classification reflects:

- A. Sensitivity
- B. Subject
- C. Privilege
- D. Object

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 390

MAC is used for:

- A. Defining imposed access control level.
- B. Defining user preferences.
- C. None of the choices.
- D. Defining discretionary access control level.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 391

With MAC, who may make decisions that bear on policy?

- A. None of the choices.
- B. All users.
- C. Only the administrator.
- D. All users except guests.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 392

With MAC, who may NOT make decisions that derive from policy?

- A. All users except the administrator.
- B. The administrator.
- C. The power users.
- D. The guests.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 393

Under the MAC control system, what is required?

- A. Performance monitoring
- B. Labeling
- C. Sensing
- D. None of the choices

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 394

Access controls that are not based on the policy are characterized as:

- A. Secret controls
- B. Mandatory controls
- C. Discretionary controls
- D. Corrective controls

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 395

DAC are characterized by many organizations as:

- A. Need-to-know controls
- B. Preventive controls
- C. Mandatory adjustable controls
- D. None of the choices

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 396

Which of the following correctly describe DAC?

- A. It is the most secure method.
- B. It is of the B2 class.
- C. It can extend beyond limiting which subjects can gain what type of access to which objects.
- D. It is of the B1 class.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 397	
Und	der DAC, a subjects rights must be when it leaves an organization altogether.
A.	recycled
B.	terminated
C.	suspended
D.	resumed
Correct Answer: B	
QU	ESTION 398
In a	$\ discretionary\ mode,\ which\ of\ the\ following\ entities\ is\ authorized\ to\ grant\ information\ access$
to c	ther people?
	manager
B.	group leader
C.	security manager
D.	user
E.	Data Owner
Correct Answer: E	
QUESTION 399	
With RBAC, each user can be assigned:	
	One or more roles.
	Only one role.
	A token role.
D.	A security token.
Correct Answer: A	
C 0.	rect Allower. A
QUESTION 400	
With RBAC, roles are:	
A.	Based on labels.
В.	All equal
C.	Hierarchical
D	Based on flows

Correct Answer: C