

Vendor: IAPP

Exam Code: CIPT

Exam Name: Certified Information Privacy Technologist

Version: Demo

QUESTION 1

What would be an example of an organization transferring the risks associated with a data breach?

- A. Using a third-party service to process credit card transactions.
- B. Encrypting sensitive personal data during collection and storage
- C. Purchasing insurance to cover the organization in case of a breach.
- D. Applying industry standard data handling practices to the organization' practices.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

Which of the following is considered a client-side IT risk?

- A. Security policies focus solely on internal corporate obligations.
- B. An organization increases the number of applications on its server.
- C. An employee stores his personal information on his company laptop.
- D. IDs used to avoid the use of personal data map to personal data in another database.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 3

A key principle of an effective privacy policy is that it should be?

- A. Written in enough detail to cover the majority of likely scenarios.
- B. Made general enough to maximize flexibility in its application.
- C. Presented with external parties as the intended audience.
- D. Designed primarily by the organization's lawyers.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 4

What was the first privacy framework to be developed?

- A. OECD Privacy Principles.
- B. Generally Accepted Privacy Principles.
- C. Code of Fair Information Practice Principles (FIPPs).
- D. The Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) Privacy Framework.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 5

Which of the following became a foundation for privacy principles and practices of countries and organizations across the globe?

- A. The Personal Data Ordinance.
- B. The EU Data Protection Directive.
- C. The Code of Fair Information Practices.

D. The Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Privacy Principles. **Correct Answer:** D

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QUESTION 6

What is the main function of a breach response center?

- A. Detecting internal security attacks.
- B. Addressing privacy incidents.
- C. Providing training to internal constituencies.
- D. Interfacing with privacy regulators and governmental bodies.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 7

Which is NOT a suitable action to apply to data when the retention period ends?

- A. Aggregation.
- B. De-identification.
- C. Deletion.
- D. Retagging.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 8

What is the distinguishing feature of asymmetric encryption?

- A. It has a stronger key for encryption than for decryption.
- B. It employs layered encryption using dissimilar methods.
- C. It uses distinct keys for encryption and decryption.
- D. It is designed to cross operating systems.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 9

What is the most important requirement to fulfill when transferring data out of an organization?

- A. Ensuring the organization sending the data controls how the data is tagged by the receiver.
- B. Ensuring the organization receiving the data performs a privacy impact assessment.
- C. Ensuring the commitments made to the data owner are followed.
- D. Extending the data retention schedule as needed.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 10

Which activity would best support the principle of data quality?

- A. Providing notice to the data subject regarding any change in the purpose for collecting such data.
- B. Ensuring that the number of teams processing personal information is limited.
- C. Delivering information in a format that the data subject understands.
- D. Ensuring that information remains accurate.

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Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 11

Which Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) privacy protection principle encourages an organization to obtain an individual s consent before transferring personal information?

- A. Individual participation.
- B. Purpose specification.
- C. Collection limitation.
- D. Accountability.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 12

Granting data subjects the right to have data corrected, amended, or deleted describes?

- A. Use limitation.
- B. Accountability.
- C. A security safeguard
- D. Individual participation

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 13

What is a mistake organizations make when establishing privacy settings during the development of applications?

- A. Providing a user with too many choices.
- B. Failing to use "Do Not Track" technology.
- C. Providing a user with too much third-party information.
- D. Failing to get explicit consent from a user on the use of cookies.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 14

Which of the following suggests the greatest degree of transparency?

- A. A privacy disclosure statement clearly articulates general purposes for collection
- B. The data subject has multiple opportunities to opt-out after collection has occurred.
- C. A privacy notice accommodates broadly defined future collections for new products.
- D. After reading the privacy notice, a data subject confidently infers how her information will be used.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 15

Which is NOT a suitable method for assuring the quality of data collected by a third-party company?

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- A. Verifying the accuracy of the data by contacting users.
- B. Validating the company's data collection procedures.
- C. Introducing erroneous data to see if its detected.
- D. Tracking changes to data through auditing.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 16

A valid argument against data minimization is that it?

- A. Can limit business opportunities.
- B. Decreases the speed of data transfers.
- C. Can have an adverse effect on data quality.
- D. Increases the chance that someone can be identified from data.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 17

What is the main reason a company relies on implied consent instead of explicit consent from a user to process her data?

- A. The implied consent model provides the user with more detailed data collection information.
- B. To secure explicit consent, a user's website browsing would be significantly disrupted.
- C. An explicit consent model is more expensive to implement.
- D. Regulators prefer the implied consent model.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 18

What is the main benefit of using dummy data during software testing?

- A. The data comes in a format convenient for testing.
- B. Statistical disclosure controls are applied to the data.
- C. The data enables the suppression of particular values in a set.
- D. Developers do not need special privacy training to test the software.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 19

How does k-anonymity help to protect privacy in micro data sets?

- A. By ensuring that every record in a set is part of a group of "k" records having similar identifying information.
- B. By switching values between records in order to preserve most statistics while still maintaining privacy.
- C. By adding sufficient noise to the data in order to hide the impact of any one individual.
- D. By top-coding all age data above a value of "k."

Correct Answer: A

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