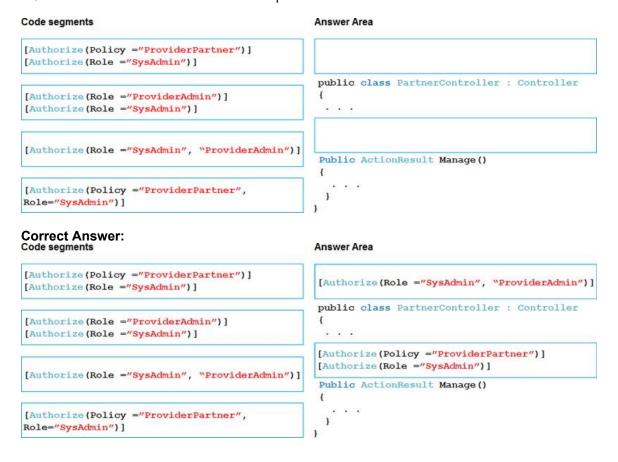
whether the user holds an editor claim of partner.

• Limit access to the Manage action of the controller to users with an editor claim of partner who are also members of the SysAdmin role.

How should you complete the code? To answer, drag the appropriate code segments to the correct locations. Each code segment may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



### **QUESTION 31**

**DRAG DROP** 

You are developing Azure WebJobs.

You need to recommend a WebJob type for each scenario.

Which WebJob type should you recommend? To answer, drag the appropriate WebJob types to the correct scenarios. Each WebJob type may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

# **Answer Area**

WebJob types	Scenario	WebJob type
Triggered	Run on all instances that the web app runs on. Optionally restrict the WebJob to a single instance.	
Continuous	Run on a single instance that Azure select for load balancing.	
	Supports remote debugging	
Correct Answer: Answer Area		
WebJob types	Scenario	WebJob type
Triggered	Run on all instances that the web app runs on. Optionally restrict the WebJob to a single instance.	Continuous
Continuous	Run on a single instance that Azure select for load balancing.	Triggered
	Supports remote debugging	Continuous

## **QUESTION 32**

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

You are developing and deploying several ASP.NET web applications to Azure App Service. You plan to save session state information and HTML output.

You must use a storage mechanism with the following requirements:

- Share session state across all ASP.NET web applications.
- Support controlled, concurrent access to the same session state data for multiple readers and a single writer.
- Save full HTTP responses for concurrent requests.

You need to store the information.

Solution: Enable Application Request Routing (ARR).

Does the solution meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B Explanation:

Instead deploy and configure Azure Cache for Redis. Update the web applications.

Reference:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/best-practices/caching#managing-concurrency-in-a-cache

### **QUESTION 33**

HOTSPOT

You are developing an app that manages users for a video game. You plan to store the region, email address, and phone number for the player. Some players may not have a phone number. The player's region will be used to load-balance data.

Data for the app must be stored in Azure Table Storage.

You need to develop code to retrieve data for an individual player.

How should you complete the code? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

```
public class PlayerEntity : TableEntity
   public PlayerEntity()
   public PlayerEntity(string region, string email)
     ParitionKey =
                       email
                       phone
                       region
     RowKey=
                       email
                       phone
                       region
      public string Phone { get; set; }
    public class Player
 protected PlayerEntity player;
                                                          ▼ table, string pk, string rk)
 async void GetPlayer(string cs,
                                        CloudTable
                                        CloudTableClient
                                        TableEntity
                                       TableEntityAdapter
  TableEntity query =TableEntity.Retrieve<PlayerEntity>(pk, rk);
  TableOperation query =TableOperation.Retrieve<PlayerEntity>(pk,rk);
  TableResult query = TableQuery Retrieve < PlayerEntity > (pk,rk);
  TableResultSegment query =TableResult.Retrieve<PlayerEntity>(pk, rk);
  TableEntity data =await table.ExecuteAsync(query);
  TableOperation data =await.table.ExeucteAsync(query);
  TableQuery data =await table.ExecuteAsync(query);
  TableResult data =await table.ExecuteAsync(query);
 player=data.Result as PlayerEntity;
```

### **Correct Answer:**

```
public class PlayerEntity : TableEntity
   public PlayerEntity()
   {
   public PlayerEntity(string region, string email)
      ParitionKey =
                       email
                       phone
                       region
      RowKey=
                       email
                        phone
                       region
    }
      public string Phone { get; set; }
    public class Player
 protected PlayerEntity player;
                                                               table, string pk, string rk)
 async void GetPlayer(string cs,
                                        CloudTable
                                        CloudTableClient
                                        TableEntity
                                        TableEntityAdapter
{
  TableEntity query =TableEntity.Retrieve<PlayerEntity>(pk, rk);
  TableOperation query =TableOperation.Retrieve<PlayerEntity>(pk,rk);
  TableResult guery =TableQuery.Retrieve<PlayerEntity>(pk,rk);
  TableResultSegment guery =TableResult.Retrieve<PlayerEntity>(pk, rk);
  TableEntity data =await table.ExecuteAsync(query);
  TableOperation data =await.table.ExeucteAsync(query);
  TableQuery data =await table.ExecuteAsync(query);
  TableResult data =await table.ExecuteAsync(query);
 player=data.Result as PlayerEntity;
}
```

#### **QUESTION 34**

You are developing an application to store information about the organizational structure for a company.

Users must be able to determine which people report to a particular manager, the office where employees work, and the projects that are assigned to an employee.

Which Azure Cosmos DB API should you use for the application?