Which SAS system option displays the notes in the SAS log?

Given the SAS date sets CLASS1 and CLASS2

A. SYMBOLGENB. MLOGICC. MACROD. MPRINT

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 33

CLASS1 CLASS2

NAME COURSE NAME COURSE
Lauren MATH1 Smith MATH2
Patel MATH1 Farmer MATH2
Chang MATH1 Patel MATH2
Chang MATH3 Hiller MATH2
The following SAS program is submitted:
Proc sql;
Select name from CLASS1
<insert here="" operator="" set="" sql=""></insert>
select name from CLASS;
quit;
The following output is desired
NAME
Chang
Chang
Lauren
Which SQL set operator completes the program and generates the desired output?
A. UNION ALL B. EXCEPT ALL C. INTERSECT ALL D. OUTER UNION ALL
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Correct Answer: B **QUESTION 34** The following SAS program is submitted: data temp; set sasuser.history(kep=date); format date qtr <insert BY statement here> if first.date then total=0; total+1; if last.date; run; proc print data=temp; run SASUSER.HISTORY is sorted by the SAS date variable DATE. The following output is required: Date Total 1 13 3 15 4 25 Which By statement completes the data step and successfully generates the required output? A. by groupformat date; B. by formateed date; C. by notsorted date; D. by date qtr **Correct Answer:** A **QUESTION 35** Given the following SAS data set ONE: ONE REP AREA COST

SMITH NORTH 100 SMITH SOUTH 200 **JONES EAST 100** SMITH NORTH 300 JONES WEST 100 JONES NORTH 200 **JONES NORTH 400 SMITH NORTH 400 JONES WEST 100 JONES WEST 300** The following SAS program is submitted: proc sql; select rep, area, count(*) as TOTAL from one group by rep, area; quit; Which one of the following reports is generated? A. REP AREA COUNT JONES EAST 100 **JONES NORTH 600** JONES WEST 500 **SMITH NORTH 800** SMITH SOUTH 200 B. REP AREA TOTAL JONES EAST 100 JONES NORTH 600 **JONES WEST 500 SMITH NORTH 800** SMITH SOUTH 200 C. REP AREA TOTAL JONES EAST 1 **JONES NORTH 2** JONES WEST 3 **SMITH NORTH 3** JONES WEST 3 **SMITH NORTH 3** SMITH SOUTH 1 D. REP AREA TOTAL

JONES EAST 1
JONES NORTH 2
JONES WEST 3
SMITH NORTH 3
SMITH SOUTH 1
SMITH NORTH 3
SMITH SOUTH 1

Correct Answer: CD

QUESTION 36

Which one of the following SAS integrity constraint types ensures that a specific set or range of values are the only values in a variable?

- A. CHECK
- B. UNIQUE
- C. FORMAT
- D. DISTINCT

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 37

Given the following partial SAS log:

NOTE: SQL table SASHELP.CLASS was created line

Create table SASHELP.CLASS(bufsize=4096)

(

Name char(8);

Gender Char(1);

Age num;

Height num;

Weight num

);

Which SQL procedure statement generated this output?

- A. DESCRIBE TABLE
- B. LIST TABLE
- C. VALIDATE TABLE
- D. CREATE TABLE

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 38

The SAS data set ONE contains the variables X,Y,Z and W. The following SAS program is submitted: Proc transpose data =one Out=trans Name=new; By x; var y; run; What are the names of all of the columns created by the TRANSPOSE procedure? A. new, X,Y and _COL1_ B. new, X and COL1 only C. new, Y and COL1 only D. new, X and Y only Correct Answer: B **QUESTION 39** The following SAS program is submitted: data new; do i=1,2,3 nextfile=compress('March' || |); infile abc filevar=nextfile end=eof; do until (eof); input dept \$sales; end; run; What is the purpose of the FILEVAR=option on the INFILE statement? A. It names the variable NEXTFILE, whose value is output to the SAS data set NEW B. It names the variable NEXTFILE, whose values point to an aggregate storage location C. It names the variable NEXTFILE, whose value is a SAS file reference D. It names the variable NEXTFILE, whose change in value causes in INFILE statement to open a new input file

Correct Answer: D