- C. by ascending Expenses IDNumber;
- D. by ascending IDNumber ascending Expenses;

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 66

Given the following raw data record:

07Jan2005

Which INFORMAT reads this raw data and stores it as a SAS date value?

- A. dmy9.
- B. date9.
- C. ddMMMyy9.
- D. ddmmmyyyy9.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 67

A user-defined format has been created using the FORMAT procedure. Where is it stored?

- A. in a SAS catalog
- B. in an external binary file
- C. in a SAS dataset in the WORK library
- D. in a SAS dataset in a permanent SAS data library

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 68

Given the SAS data set ONE:

Given the SAS data set WORK.ONE:

The following SAS program is submitted:

```
data WORK.TWO;
   set WORK.ONE;
   by X Y;
   if First.Y;
run;
proc print data=WORK.TWO noobs;
run;
```

Which report is produced?

A.		
X	Y	Z
1 2 2 3	B B B	45 52 69 70
4	C	82 91

B.

X	Y	Z
1	A	27
1	AB	45
5	A	52
2		52
2	В	63
3	В	70
4	A	82
1 1 2 2 3 4 4	B B A C	27 45 52 69 70 82 91
C.		
х	Y	Z
1	A	33
1	B	45
2	A	52
2	P	60
2	D D	20
3	В	/0
1 1 2 2 3 4 4	B B B B	33 45 52 69 70 82 91
4	C	91

- D. The PRINT procedure fails because the data set WORK.TWO is not created in the DATAstep.
- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 69

The value 110700 is stored in a numeric variable named SALARY. Which FORMAT statement displays the value as \$110,700.00 in a report?

- A. format salary comma11.2;
- B. format salary dollar8.2;
- C. format salary dollar11.2;
- D. format salary comma8.2 dollar8.2;

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 70

The following SAS program is submitted:

<insert ODS statement here>

proc means data = sasuser.shoes;

where product in ('Sandal', 'Slipper', 'Boot');

run;

<insert ODS statement here>

Which ODS statements complete the program and send the report to an HTML file?

- A. ods html = `sales.html'; ods html close;
- B. ods file = `sales.html'; ods file close;
- C. ods file html = `sales.html'; ods file close;
- D. ods html file = `sales.html'; ods html close;

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 71

Given the contents of the raw data file TYPECOLOR.DAT:

```
---+---30 daisyyellow
```

The following SAS program is submitted:

```
data FLOWERS;
  infile 'TYPECOLOR.DAT' truncover;
  length
    Type $ 5
    Color $ 11;
  input
    Type $
    Color $;
run;
```

What are the values of the variables Type and Color?

- A. Type=daisy, Color=yellow
- B. Type=daisy, Color=w
- C. Type=daisy, Color=daisyyellow
- D. Type=daisy, Color=

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 72

The following SAS program is submitted:

```
data WORK.SALES;
   do Year=1 to 5;
      do Month=1 to 12;
      X + 1;
   end;
end;
run;
```

How many observations are written to the WORK.SALES data set?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 5
- D. 60

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 73

Which statement specifies that records 1 through 10 are to be read from the raw data file customer.txt?

- A. infile 'customer.txt' 1-10;
- B. input 'customer.txt' stop@10;
- C. infile 'customer.txt' obs=10;
- D. input 'customer.txt' stop=10;

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 74

Which statement describes a characteristic of the SAS automatic variable ERROR ?

- A. The _ERROR_ variable maintains a count of the number of data errors in a DATA step.
- B. The _ERROR_ variable is added to the program data vector and becomes part of the data set being created.
- C. The _ERROR_ variable can be used in expressions in the DATA step.
- D. The ERROR variable contains the number of the observation that caused the data error.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 75

What is the purpose or the MISSOVER option on the INFILE statement?

- A. It prevents SAS from loading a new record when the end of the current record is reached.
- B. It enables SAS to scan the input data records until the character string that is specified in the @`character-string' expression is round.
- C. It enables SAS to continue to read the next input data record if it does not find values in the current input tine for all the variables in the statement.
- D. It causes the DATA step to stop processing if an INPUT statement reaches the end of the current record without finding values for all variables in the statement.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 76

The SAS data set PETS is sorted by the variables TYPE and BREED.

The following SAS program is submitted:

proc print data = pets;

var type breed;

sum number;

run;

What is the result?

- A. The SUM statement produces only a grand total of NUMBER.
- B. The SUM statement produces only subtotals of NUMBER for each value of TYPE.
- C. The SUM statement produces both a grand total of NUMBER and subtotals of NUMBER for each value of TYPE.
- D. Nothing is produced by the SUM statement; the program fails to execute.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 77

The data set RALESTATE has the variable LOCALFEE with a format or 9. and a variable COUNTRYFEE with a format or 7.;

The following SAS program is submitted:

data history;

format local fee country fee percent6.;

set realestate;

local fee = local fee / 100;

country fee = country fee / 100;

run;

What are the formats of the variables LOCALFEE and COUNTRYFEE in the output dataset?

- A. LOCALFEE has format of 9. and COUNTRYFEE has a format of 7.
- B. LOCALFEE has format of 9. and COUNTRYFEE has a format of percent6.
- C. LOCALFEE has format of percent6, and COUNTRYFEE has a format of percent6.
- D. The data step fails execution; there is no format for LOCALFEE.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 78

Given the SAS data set AGES: