Which metric in CVSS indicates an attack that takes a destination bank account number and replaces it with a different bank account number?

- A. integrity
- B. confidentiality
- C. availability
- D. scope

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 64

What is the difference between discretionary access control (DAC) and role-based access control (RBAC)?

- A. DAC requires explicit authorization for a given user on a given object, and RBAC requires specific conditions.
- B. RBAC access is granted when a user meets specific conditions, and in DAC, permissions are applied on user and group levels.
- C. RBAC is an extended version of DAC where you can add an extra level of authorization based on time
- D. DAC administrators pass privileges to users and groups, and in RBAC, permissions are applied to specific groups

Correct Answer: A QUESTION 65

An employee received an email from a colleague's address asking for the password for the domain controller. The employee noticed a missing letter within the sender's address. What does this incident describe?

- A. brute-force attack
- B. insider attack
- C. shoulder surfing
- D. social engineering

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 66

What is the difference between deep packet inspection and stateful inspection?

- A. Deep packet inspection gives insights up to Layer 7, and stateful inspection gives insights only up to Layer 4.
- B. Deep packet inspection is more secure due to its complex signatures, and stateful inspection requires less human intervention.
- C. Stateful inspection is more secure due to its complex signatures, and deep packet inspection requires less human intervention.
- D. Stateful inspection verifies data at the transport layer and deep packet inspection verifies data at the application layer

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 67

What is a description of a social engineering attack?

- A. fake offer for free music download to trick the user into providing sensitive data
- B. package deliberately sent to the wrong receiver to advertise a new product
- C. mistakenly received valuable order destined for another person and hidden on purpose
- D. email offering last-minute deals on various vacations around the world with a due date and a counter

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 68

How does statistical detection differ from rule-based detection?

- A. Statistical detection involves the evaluation of events, and rule-based detection requires an evaluated set of events to function.
- B. Statistical detection defines legitimate data over time, and rule-based detection works on a predefined set of rules
- C. Rule-based detection involves the evaluation of events, and statistical detection requires an evaluated set of events to function Rule-based detection defines
- D. legitimate data over a period of time, and statistical detection works on a predefined set of rules

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 69

A system administrator is ensuring that specific registry information is accurate. Which type of configuration information does the HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE hive contain?

- A. file extension associations
- B. hardware, software, and security settings for the system
- C. currently logged in users, including folders and control panel settings
- D. all users on the system, including visual settings

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 70

What is an incident response plan?

- A. an organizational approach to events that could lead to asset loss or disruption of operations
- B. an organizational approach to security management to ensure a service lifecycle and continuous improvements
- C. an organizational approach to disaster recovery and timely restoration of operational services
- D. an organizational approach to system backup and data archiving aligned to regulations

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 71

An engineer needs to have visibility on TCP bandwidth usage, response time, and latency, combined with deep packet inspection to identify unknown software by its network traffic flow. Which two features of Cisco Application Visibility and Control should the engineer use to accomplish this goal? (Choose two.)

- A. management and reporting
- B. traffic filtering

- C. adaptive AVC
- D. metrics collection and exporting
- E. application recognition

Correct Answer: AE

QUESTION 72

Which step in the incident response process researches an attacking host through logs in a SIEM?

- A. detection and analysis
- B. preparation
- C. eradication
- D. containment

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 73

What is the difference between inline traffic interrogation and traffic mirroring?

- A. Inline interrogation is less complex as traffic mirroring applies additional tags to data.
- B. Traffic mirroring copies the traffic rather than forwarding it directly to the analysis tools
- C. Inline replicates the traffic to preserve integrity rather than modifying packets before sending them to other analysis tools.
- D. Traffic mirroring results in faster traffic analysis and inline is considerably slower due to latency.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 74

What is obtained using NetFlow?

- A. session data
- B. application logs
- C. network downtime report
- D. full packet capture

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 75

How does an SSL certificate impact security between the client and the server?

- A. by enabling an authenticated channel between the client and the server
- B. by creating an integrated channel between the client and the server
- C. by enabling an authorized channel between the client and the server
- D. by creating an encrypted channel between the client and the server

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 76

An analyst is exploring the functionality of different operating systems. What is a feature of Windows Management Instrumentation that must be considered when deciding on an operating system?

- A. queries Linux devices that have Microsoft Services for Linux installed
- B. deploys Windows Operating Systems in an automated fashion
- C. is an efficient tool for working with Active Directory
- D. has a Common Information Model, which describes installed hardware and software

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 77

What is the difference between deep packet inspection and stateful inspection?

- A. Deep packet inspection is more secure than stateful inspection on Layer 4
- B. Stateful inspection verifies contents at Layer 4 and deep packet inspection verifies connection at Layer 7
- C. Stateful inspection is more secure than deep packet inspection on Layer 7
- D. Deep packet inspection allows visibility on Layer 7 and stateful inspection allows visibility on Layer 4

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 78

What is the impact of false positive alerts on business compared to true positive?

- A. True positives affect security as no alarm is raised when an attack has taken place, while false positives are alerts raised appropriately to detect and further mitigate them.
- B. True-positive alerts are blocked by mistake as potential attacks, while False-positives are actual attacks Identified as harmless.
- C. False-positive alerts are detected by confusion as potential attacks, while true positives are attack attempts identified appropriately.
- D. False positives alerts are manually ignored signatures to avoid warnings that are already acknowledged, while true positives are warnings that are not yet acknowledged.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 79

What is a difference between SOAR and SIEM?

- A. SOAR platforms are used for threat and vulnerability management, but SIEM applications are not
- B. SIEM applications are used for threat and vulnerability management, but SOAR platforms are not
- C. SOAR receives information from a single platform and delivers it to a SIEM
- D. SIEM receives information from a single platform and delivers it to a SOAR

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 80

A user received an email attachment named "Hr405-report2609-empl094.exe" but did not run it. Which category of the cyber kill chain should be assigned to this type of event?

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- A. installation
- B. reconnaissance
- C. weaponization
- D. delivery

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 81

Which event is user interaction?

- A. gaining root access
- B. executing remote code
- C. reading and writing file permission
- D. opening a malicious file

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 82

What is the difference between the rule-based detection when compared to behavioral detection?

- A. Rule-Based detection is searching for patterns linked to specific types of attacks, while behavioral is identifying per signature.
- B. Rule-Based systems have established patterns that do not change with new data, while behavioral changes.
- C. Behavioral systems are predefined patterns from hundreds of users, while Rule-Based only flags potentially abnormal patterns using signatures.
- D. Behavioral systems find sequences that match a particular attack signature, while Rule-Based identifies potential attacks.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 83

Which data type is necessary to get information about source/destination ports?

- A. statistical data
- B. session data
- C. connectivity data
- D. alert data

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 84

What is the practice of giving an employee access to only the resources needed to accomplish their job?

- A. principle of least privilege
- B. organizational separation
- C. separation of duties
- D. need to know principle