



VMware

Exam VCPN610

VMware Certified Professional – Network Virtualization

Version: 6.0

[Total Questions: 178]

Question No : 1

What are two advantages for using NSX for vSphere's Logical Switching? (Choose two.)

- A. Expands the number of available VLANs.
- B. Allows for Layer 2 switching over Layer 3 infrastructure.
- C. Distributes Layer 3 data across multiple hypervisors.
- D. Provides for 10,000 logical segments.

Answer: B,D

Question No : 2

Which statement describes the traffic throughput of the NSX Distributed Firewall?

- A. By decoupling the firewall services from the virtualization layer, traffic is directed to the distribution layer for firewall processing within a service module.
- B. By deploying firewall software on a per virtual machine basis, firewall services will be distributed across multiple compute nodes.
- C. Firewall services are implemented as kernel modules and provide traffic filtering between the virtual machine's vNIC and the vSwitch.
- D. Firewall services are distributed as a software firewall appliance and may be deployed on more than one ESXi host for scalability and high availability.

Answer: C

Question No : 3

Using VMware's best practices, choose two statements that define the best solution for scaling layer 2 services for the virtual network. (Choose two.)

- A. Employ a layer 2 switched network.
- B. Employ a layer 3 switched network.
- C. Use GRE for an overlay network.
- D. Use VXLAN for an overlay network.

Answer: B,D

Question No : 4

Which component provides for installation of NSX hypervisor kernel components and user world agents?

- A. NSX Controller
- B. NSX Edge Virtual Appliance
- C. NSX Manager
- D. vCloud Automation Center

Answer: C

Question No : 5

Which NSX service or feature provides optimized management of virtual machine broadcast (ARP) traffic?

- A. NSX Controller
- B. NSX Manager
- C. Edge Services Gateway
- D. VTEP

Answer: A

Question No : 6

You are tasked with designing a data center architecture that should maximize the use of vMotion within your environment. You must use these VMware best practices:

- ✍* The network must utilize widely offered layer 2 switching and layer 3 switching services
- ✍* Purchase of new equipment should be minimized

Which two network design architectures will provide the requirements for vMotion in your data center? (Choose two.)

- A. Utilize layer 3 switching from the access layer through the core.
- B. Employ layer 2 multipathing using a standardized protocol.
- C. Deploy a flat, traditional layer 2 switched network.

D. Deploy an overlay technology for the deployment of your virtual network.

Answer: A,D

Question No : 7

Which two statements describe the benefits provided by firewall services deployed by NSX? (Choose two.)

- A. Firewall services deployed using a software appliance will provide east-west traffic filtering and security.
- B. Firewall services deployed using a distributed kernel module will provide east-west traffic filtering and security.
- C. Firewall services providing edge security services uses a virtual appliance and is centrally managed.
- D. Firewall services providing edge security services uses a distributed kernel module.

Answer: B,C

Question No : 8




Which two statements are valid regarding vCloud Networking and Security (vCNS) and NSX? (Choose two.)

- A. Both vCNS and NSX support multiple hypervisor environments.
- B. NSX provides support for multiple hypervisor environments, vCNS does not.
- C. Both vCNS and NSX support dynamic routing protocols.
- D. NSX supports dynamic routing protocols, vCNS does not.

Answer: B,D

Question No : 9

An administrator wishes to upgrade to NSX from the following infrastructure:

-  vCenter Server 4.1
-  vShield 5.0
-  ESXi hosts 4.1

What is a valid, minimum set of steps to properly upgrade this environment to NSX?

- A.** 1. Upgrade vCenter Server 4.1 to vCenter Server 5.5
2. Upgrade vShield 5.0 to vShield 5.5
3. Upgrade ESXi hosts to ESXi 5.1 or greater
4. Install the NSX upgrade bundle
- B.** 1. Upgrade vCenter Server 4.1 to vCenter Server 5.1
2. Upgrade vCenter Server 5.1 to vCenter Server 5.5
3. Upgrade ESXi hosts to ESXi 5.1 or greater
4. Install the NSX upgrade bundle
- C.** 1. Upgrade vCenter Server 4.1 to vCenter Server 5.5
2. Upgrade ESXi hosts to ESXi 5.1 or greater
3. Install the NSX upgrade bundle
- D.** 1. Upgrade vCenter Server 4.1 to vCenter Server 5.5
2. Upgrade vShield 5.0 to vShield 5.5
3. Install the NSX upgrade bundle

Answer: A

Question No : 10

Layer 2 Multipathing (L2MP) and Multi-chassis Etherchannel (MEC) features have distinct scaling differences with the network switching and routing services provided by NSX.

Which two statements provide a proper contrast of these services? (Choose two.)

- A.** Multi-chassis Etherchannel features provide higher utilization of Ethernet links within a defined L2/L3 distribution area.
- B.** Multi-Chassis Etherchannel features provide an easy ability to scale a VLAN across the data center.
- C.** NSX provides a method to transparently deploy L2MP protocols upon existing data center installations without service disruption.
- D.** NSX provides a method to deploy scalable L2/L3 services on existing data center installations.

Answer: A,D

Question No : 11

An administrator has recently deployed NSX, but is still using a pair of physical network security devices. The administrator wants to use the physical security devices to filter virtual machine traffic hosted in the overlay network.

Which NSX component will provide the connectivity between the overlay and the physical network?

- A. Distributed Firewall
- B. NSX Controller
- C. Edge Services Gateway
- D. Logical Router

Answer: D

Question No : 12

Which two are valid statements regarding third-party services and NSX? (Choose two.)

- A. Third party services are automatically registered with NSX Manager.
- B. Third party services can either be automatically or manually registered with NSX Manager.
- C. Third party services require the deployment of a virtual appliance.
- D. Third party services may or may not utilize a service virtual appliance.

Answer: B,D

Question No : 13

Which VMware NSX for vSphere component can be created on-demand using vCloud Automation Center?

- A. The logical switch
- B. The logical distributed router
- C. The distributed firewall
- D. The NSX Edge Services Gateway

Answer: A

Question No : 14

What is one way that NSX improves network performance?

- A. Virtual machines in different subnets residing on the same host route traffic through an NSX controller, keeping traffic on the host.
- B. Virtual machines in different subnets residing on the same host route traffic through an NSX logical router, keeping traffic on the host.
- C. Virtual machines in different subnets residing on the same host route traffic through an NSX Edge gateway, keeping traffic on the host.
- D. Virtual machines in different subnets residing on the same host route traffic through an NSX switch, keeping traffic on the host.

Answer: B

Question No : 15

Which statement is true regarding deploying NSX over a physical network?

- A. OSPF can be used for Management traffic in a Layer 3 fabric design.
- B. NSX can implement IPv6 on an IPv4 physical network.
- C. Routing is supported on bridged interfaces.
- D. VLANs are not required to separate traffic between virtual machines.

Answer: B

Question No : 16

How does NSX simplify physical network design?

- A. VLANs are moved into the virtual network for virtual machine traffic, eliminating the need to use PVLANS on the physical network.
- B. Network administrators only need to configure routing on the physical network for virtual machine traffic since all other network functions are moved to the virtual network.
- C. Transport zones are created in the virtual network for virtual machine traffic, removing

the need to make changes to the physical network.

D. Virtual network integration can make changes to the physical network programmatically using REST API calls which automates network changes and increases agility.

Answer: C

Question No : 17

Which two statements are true regarding NSX? (Choose two.)

- A. Workloads can be placed and moved independently of physical topology.
- B. Operational efficiency can be achieved through automation of the physical network.
- C. Workload deployments are non-disruptive over the existing physical network.
- D. NSX implementation requires a VMware vSphere environment.

Answer: A,C

Question No : 18

How does NSX simplify the underlying physical network?

- A. All configuration and state information is available via the REST APIs to automate the configuration of the physical network.
- B. All configuration and state information are readily accessible, as is the mapping between virtual network topologies and the physical network.
- C. All configuration and state information is stored in the local NSX BPDU database, eliminating the need for Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) on the physical network.
- D. All configuration and state information is cached by the NSX controllers, reducing the number of MAC/ARP table entries on the physical network.

Answer: B

Question No : 19

If unicast mode is configured for the overlay transport in an NSX deployment, which two statements correctly define the network support that is required? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure NSX High Availability
- B. Layer 2 switching support in the access and distribution layers
- C. Layer 3 switching support in the access and distribution layers
- D. Configure Jumbo Frame support

Answer: C,D

Question No : 20

Which two characteristics of the underlying physical network does VMware NSX require for robust IP transport? (Choose two.)

- A. The physical network should provide scalable network I/O using Layer 2 Multipathing (L2MP) and Multichassis Link Aggregation (MLAG).
- B. The physical network should provide scalable network I/O using Equal Cost Multipathing (ECMP).
- C. QoS is not necessary since classification and marking will be done in the overlay.
- D. QoS classification and marking is required to provide end-to-end flow control.

Answer: B,D

Question No : 21

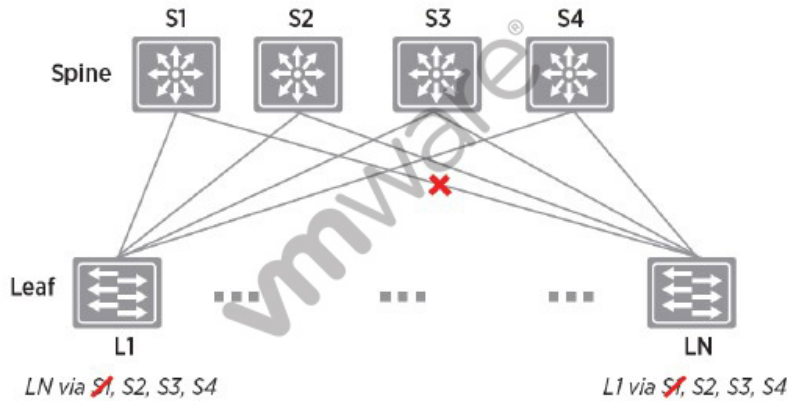
In a data center using a leaf and spine architecture, which two statements define the connectivity between the leaf and spine tiers required to provide optimal network connectivity for NSX? (Choose two.)

- A. Links are required between leaf and spine switches, and from each spine switch to other spine switches in the architecture.
- B. Links are required between leaf and spine switches in the architecture to form a point-to-point connection between the two tiers.
- C. High availability and scalability should be achieved using NSX High Availability.
- D. High availability and scalability should be achieved using Equal Cost Multipathing (ECMP).

Answer: B,D

Question No : 22

-- Exhibit--



-- Exhibit --

An NSX administrator has deployed the network shown in the diagram:

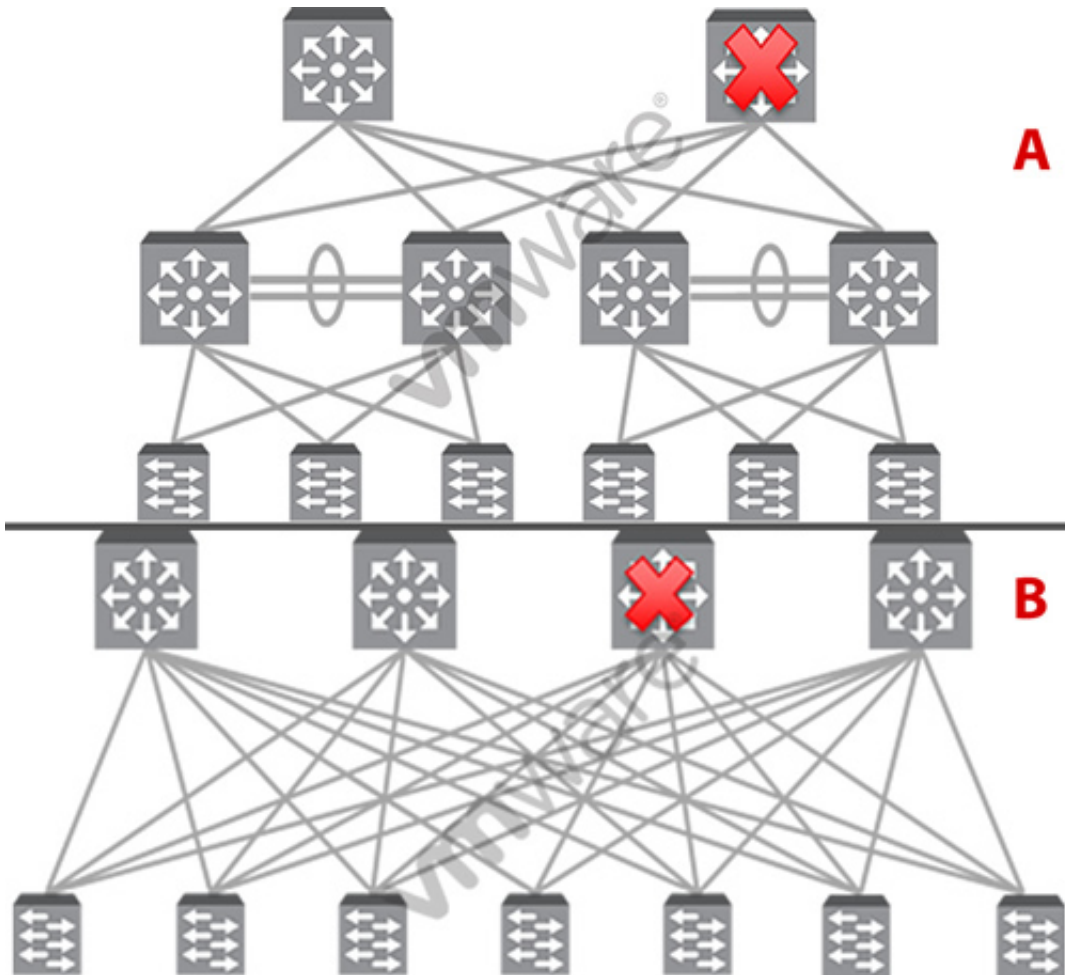
Based on the diagram, which statement describes a valid method for redirecting traffic around the fault?

- A. Building this topology using a layer 2 switched fabric with connectivity between the leafs would allow traffic to be redirected around the fault to another leaf.
- B. Building this topology using a layer 3 routed fabric with connectivity between the leafs would allow traffic to be redirected around the fault to another leaf.
- C. Building this topology using a layer 2 switched fabric with spanning tree will provide the quickest path around the fault to another spine when connectivity is lost.
- D. Building this topology using a layer 3 routed fabric will provide the quickest path around the fault to another spine when connectivity is lost.

Answer: D

Question No : 23

-- Exhibit--



-- Exhibit --

The diagrams show two possible physical network architectures. Each architecture provides a means in dealing with the pictured failure.

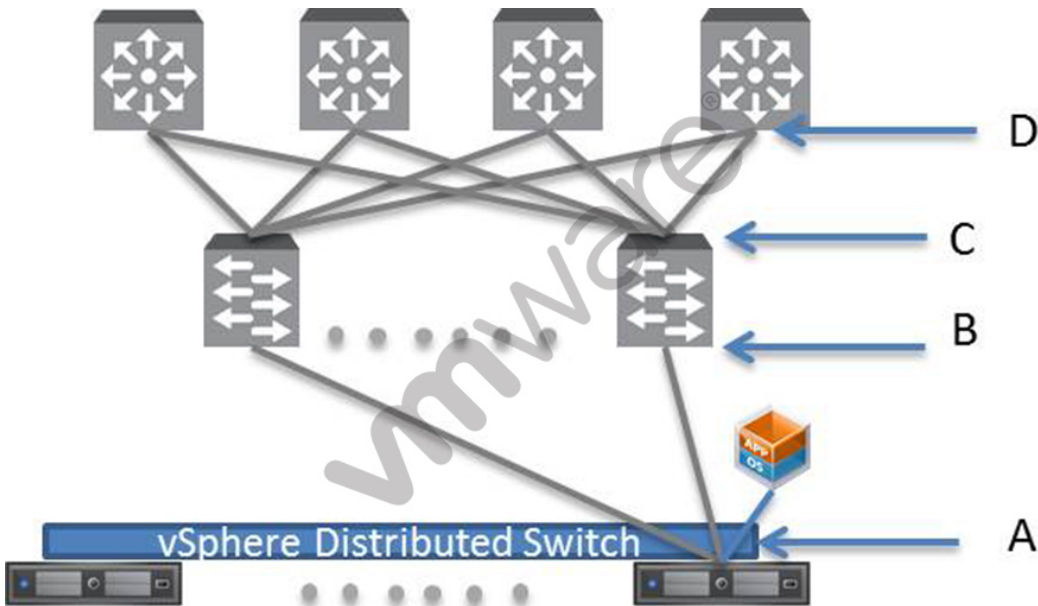
Which architecture provides the highest degree of connectivity in the event of the pictured failure?

- A. Both designs will provide the same percentage of connectivity in times of failure.
- B. Neither design is properly architected to work around the displayed failure.
- C. Diagram A's architecture will provide the highest percentage of connectivity in times of failure.
- D. Diagram B's architecture will provide the highest percentage of connectivity in times of failure.

Answer: D

Question No : 24

-- Exhibit--



-- Exhibit --

This diagram details the network connectivity from an NSX network and the supporting physical network. Locations C and D may be required to process packets with QoS tags.

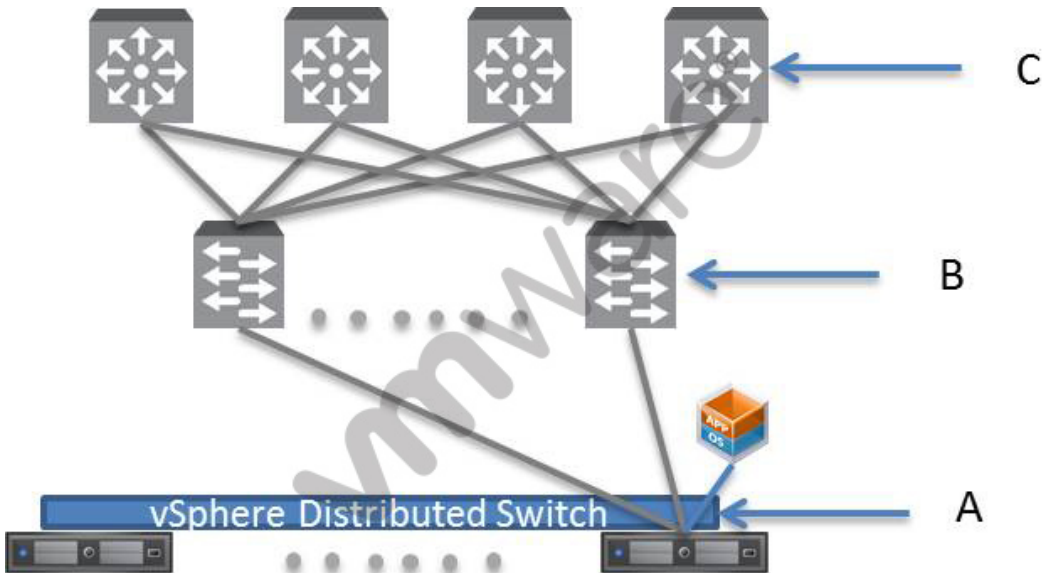
Based on the diagram, which statement details proper processing of packets if they are QoS tagged?

- A. Locations C and D will trust the QoS tags of the encapsulated frame when passing packets.
- B. Location B should trust the QoS tags of the encapsulated frames that are switched.
- C. Location A will mark the inner header of the encapsulated frame.
- D. Location B should trust the QoS tags of the external header.

Answer: D

Question No : 25

-- Exhibit--



-- Exhibit --

You are designing a network for NSX and your customer has stated that virtual machine traffic needs to span the virtual and physical space.

Based on the diagram, where should this requirement be configured?

- A. Location A
- B. Location B
- C. Location C
- D. Locations B and C

Answer: B

Question No : 26

Which two statements describe the network connectivity provided by a vSphere Standard Switch (vSS)? (Choose two.)

- A. A vSS provides a direct and logical connection between a virtual machine NIC and a physical NIC.
- B. A vSS provides a direct and logical connection between two vSphere Distributed Switches.
- C. A vSS connects the vNIC of a virtual machine to the physical network based on the bandwidth of the VM's configured network adapter.

D. A vSS connects the vNIC of a virtual machine to the physical network and is not restricted to a specific bandwidth allocation based on the VM's configured network adapter.

Answer: A,D

Question No : 27

On a vSS, how does teaming two or more physical network adapters provide load balancing when using the Load Balancing feature Route based on the originating virtual port ID?

- A. The physical network adapter is chosen by use of a round robin based algorithm for each additional virtual port in the port group that becomes active.
- B. The physical network adapter is chosen by using the source IP address of the virtual machine and the destination IP address as variables in an algorithm.
- C. The physical network adapter is chosen by using the source MAC address as a variable in an algorithm.
- D. The physical network adapter is chosen based on the workloads from each port and the number of physical adapters.

Answer: A

Question No : 28

What are two valid methods of configuring virtual machines to use a vSphere Distributed Switch (vDS) that are currently using a vSphere Standard Switch (vSS)? (Choose two.)

- A. Select each virtual machine and drag it to the vSphere Distributed Switch.
- B. Select the vSS in use by the virtual machines and select the Move to option on the right-click menu.
- C. Select each virtual machine and edit the virtual network adapter's connection settings.
- D. Use the Migrate Virtual Machine Networking option from the right-click menu of the vDS.

Answer: C,D

Question No : 29

A network security administrator wants to monitor traffic on several VLANs configured on a

vSphere Distributed Switch. The traffic will be sent to another distributed port.

What type of port mirroring session must be configured to meet these requirements?

- A. Select the session type Distributed Port Mirroring when configuring the Port Mirroring session.
- B. Select the session type Remote Mirroring Source when configuring the Port Mirroring session.
- C. Select the session type Remote Mirroring Destination when configuring the Port Mirroring session.
- D. Select the session type Distributed Port Mirroring (legacy) when configuring the Port Mirroring session.

Answer: C

Question No : 30



What are three switch features found only on vSphere Distributed Switches? (Choose three.)

- A. Network I/O Control
- B. CDP
- C. LLDP
- D. SR-IOV
- E. Port Mirroring

Answer: A,C,E

Question No : 31

You have deployed a two-tiered application using four virtual machines:

-  Two virtual machines are web application servers
-  Two virtual machines providing a clustered database service

What feature can you configure to provide the most accurate account for only the traffic between the web servers and the clustered database?

- A. On the vSphere Distributed Switch, configure the use of a port mirroring session using

the Encapsulated Remote Mirroring (L3) Source session type.

B. On the vSphere Distributed Switch, configure the use of a port mirroring session using the Remote Mirroring Destination session type.

C. On the vSphere Distributed Switch, configure the use of an Isolated Private VLAN for the ports of the four virtual machines.

D. On the vSphere Distributed Switch, configure Netflow for the distributed virtual port group and enable Process internal flows only for the distributed switch.

Answer: D

Question No : 32

Which three network policy settings can only be configured on a vSphere 5.5 Distributed Switch? (Choose three.)

A. Access Control Lists (ACLs)

B. Network I/O Control

C. LACP v2

D. NetFlow

E. DSCP Marking

Answer: A,C,E

Question No : 33

Which two vSphere components are required for NSX? (Choose two.)

A. Standard vSwitch

B. Network I/O Control

C. Distributed Port Group

D. VMkernel port

Answer: C,D

Question No : 34

What is the minimum MTU size recommended by VMware for the physical network when deploying NSX for vSphere?

- A. 1550
- B. 1600
- C. 2148
- D. 9000

Answer: B

Question No : 35

A company wants to deploy VMware NSX for vSphere with no PIM and no IGMP configured in the underlying physical network. This company also must ensure that non-ESXi hosts do not receive broadcast, unknown unicast or multicast (BUM) traffic.

Which replication mode should the logical switches be deployed with?

- A. Unicast Replication Mode
- B. Multicast Replication Mode
- C. Hybrid Replication Mode
- D. Transport Zone Mode

Answer: A

Question No : 36

Your data center is made up of two VMware vCenter Server instances. Each vCenter Server manages three clusters with 16 hosts per cluster.

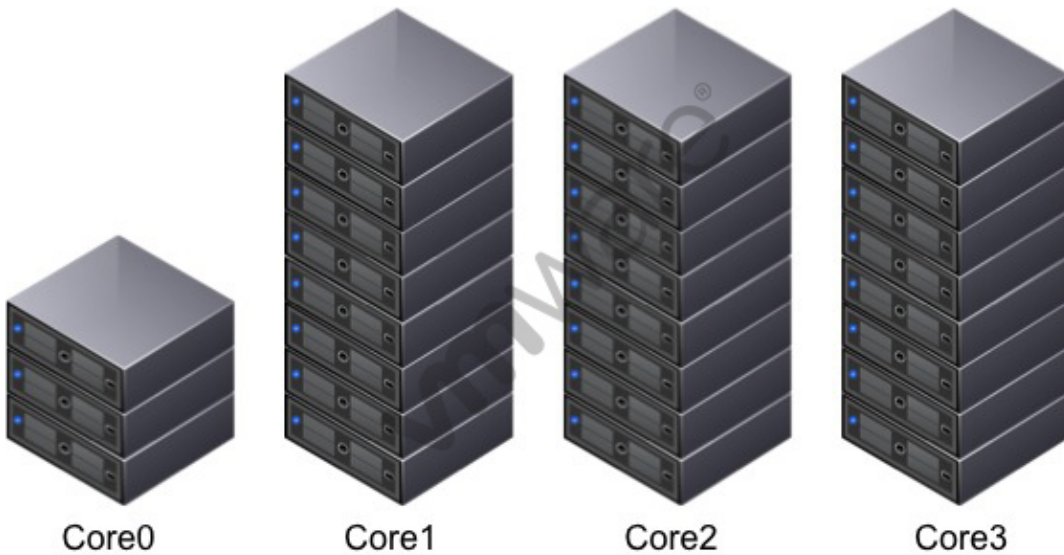
In preparing for your VMware NSX deployment, how many vShield Endpoint instances will you have?

- A. 2
- B. 6
- C. 48
- D. 96

Answer: D

Question No : 37





-- Exhibit--



-- Exhibit --

Your data center clusters are configured as shown in the exhibit:

Core0 uses Virtual SAN and hosts virtual machines running the following components:

-  vCenter Server
-  Single Sign-On Server
-  Update Manager
-  SQL Server database

Core1, Core2, and Core3 use a single Fibre Channel attached storage array. Core1 hosts over 500 virtual machines. Core2 hosts over 400 virtual machines. Core3 hosts 100 virtual machines.

Following VMware's best practices, NSX Controller components should be deployed to which location(s)?

- A.** Deploy three NSX Controllers, one on each host of Core0.
- B.** Deploy four NSX controllers, one on each cluster in the data center.

- C. Deploy 27 NSX controllers, one for each host in the data center.
- D. Deploy three NSX controllers. Deploy one in Core1, one in Core2, and one in Core3.

Answer: A

Question No : 38

After deploying NSX, an administrator does not see the Networking & Security tab when connecting to the vCenter Server using the vSphere Web Client.

What should the administrator do?

- A. Register the NSX Manager with the vCenter Server.
- B. Register the NSX Manager with the Inventory Service.
- C. The NSX Controllers must be deployed before NSX Manager is available.
- D. The NSX Manager must be configured to use Single Sign-On before it will be available.

Answer: A

Question No : 39

Which statement is correct when upgrading vShield Data Security to NSX Data Security?

- A. NSX Data Security does not support a direct upgrade.
- B. NSX Controller must be deployed before the upgrade.
- C. The vCloud Network and Security Virtual Wires must have been upgraded.
- D. vCloud Network and Security must be at least version 5.1 before starting the upgrade.

Answer: A

Question No : 40

A new ESXi 5.5 host is deployed in a vSphere environment with VMware NSX for vSphere. How can the host be prepared for VMware NSX for vSphere?

- A. By using Image Builder to pre-load the NSX for vSphere VIBs in the ESXi image in an

Auto Deploy solution.

- B.** By leveraging VMware Update Manager to install the new NSX for vSphere VIBs into each of the hosts.
- C.** By creating a new VMkernel port in the host from the Host and Clusters inventory view in vSphere Web Client.
- D.** By entering the ESXi 5.5 management IP address in the NSX Controllers so the VIBs can be installed.

Answer: A

Question No : 41

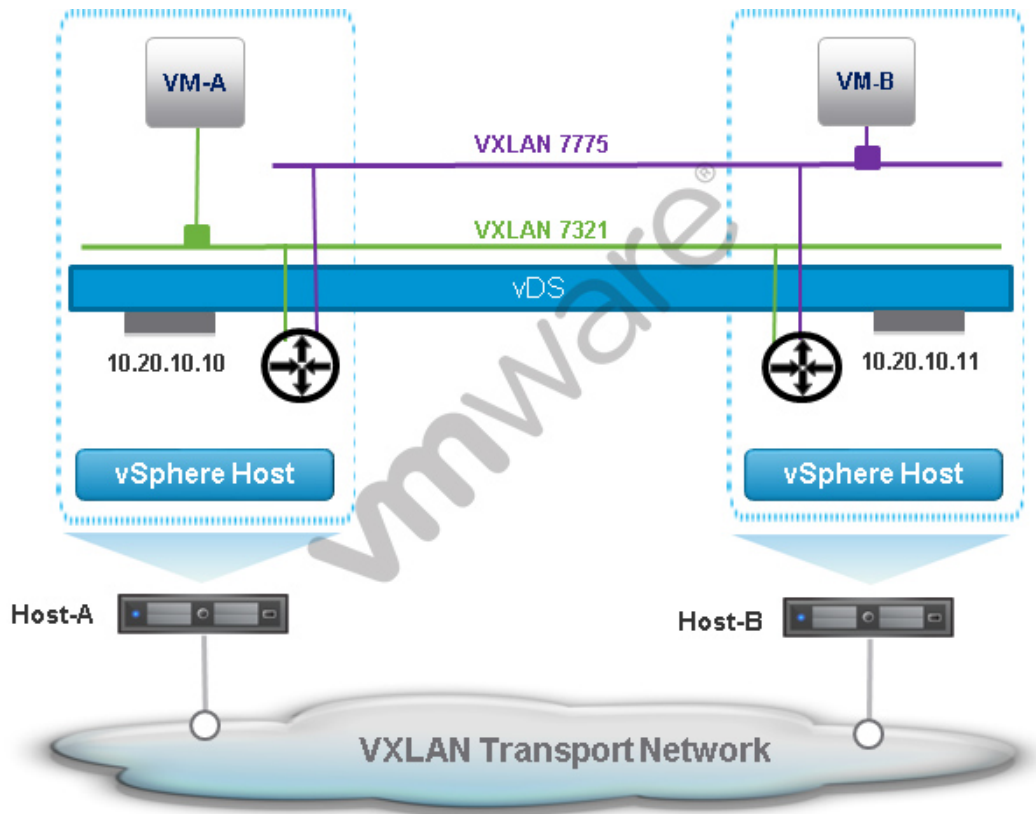
What is determined when an NSX Administrator creates a Segment ID Pool?

- A.** The range of VXLAN Network Identifiers (VNIs) that can be assigned to Logical Switches.
- B.** The total number of Logical Switches that can be deployed in a single Compute Cluster.
- C.** The range of VLAN segments that can be assigned to Transport Zones.
- D.** The total number of addresses that can be used to assign VTEP IP addresses to ESXi hosts during host preparation.

Answer: A

Question No : 42

-- Exhibit--



-- Exhibit --

An administrator has created an NSX network as shown in the exhibit:

Both VMs in the exhibit use the same distributed router for their default gateway. VM-B obtains its IP address via DHCP. VM-A wants to send a packet to VM-B.

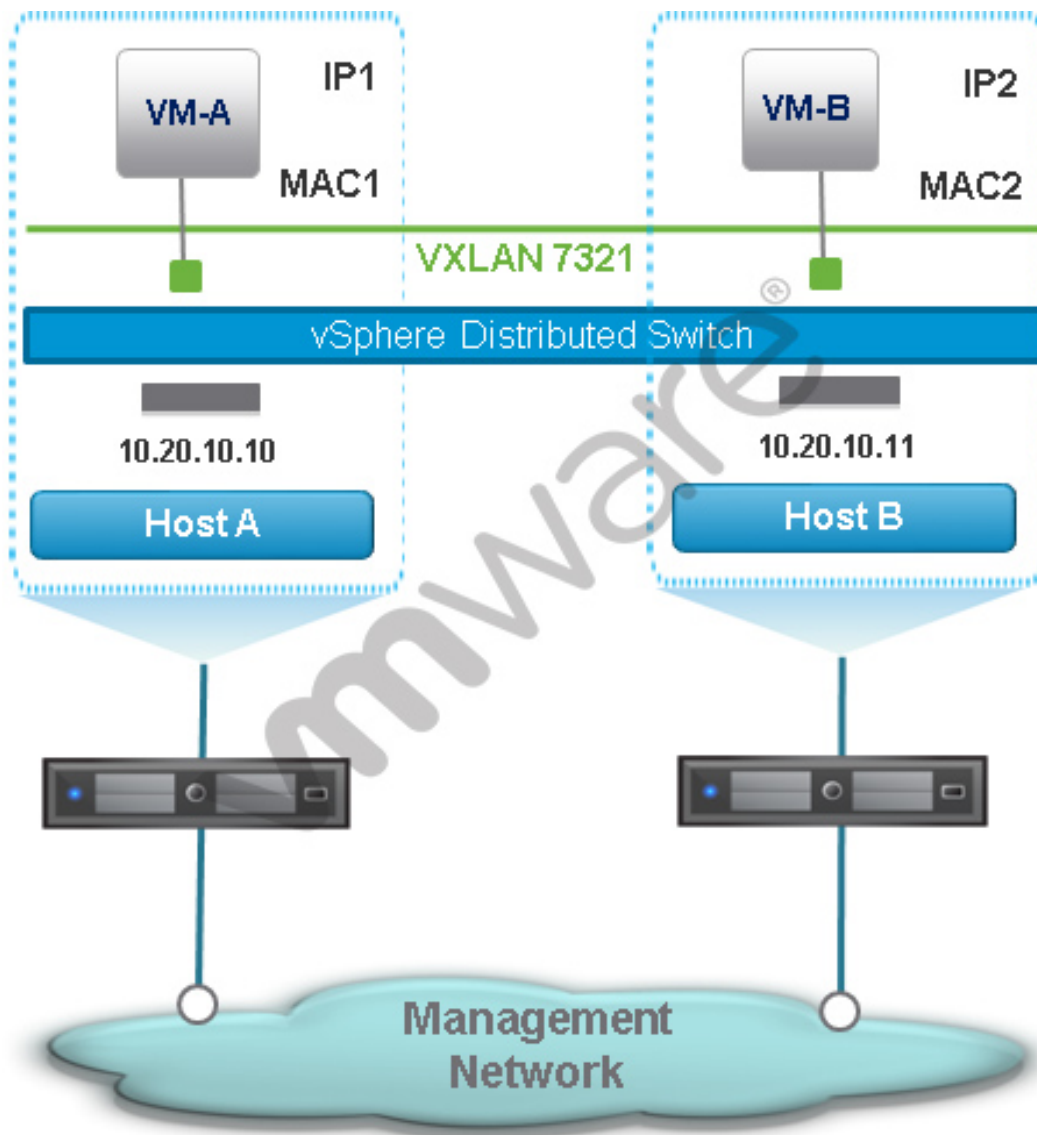
How does VM-A learn VM-B's MAC address?

- A. If Host-A is made aware by the NSX Controller of VM-B's MAC and IP addresses, Host-A replies directly to VM-A with an ARP response.
- B. If Host-A is made aware by Host-B of VM-B's MAC and IP addresses, Host-A replies directly to VM-A with an ARP response.
- C. If the NSX Controller is made aware by Host-B of VM-B's MAC and IP addresses, the NSX Controller replies directly to VM-A with an ARP response.
- D. If Host-B is aware of VM-B's MAC and IP addresses, Host-B is able to reply directly to VM-A with an ARP response.

Answer: A

Question No : 43

-- Exhibit--



-- Exhibit --

An administrator has created the NSX network shown in the exhibit:

Both VMs use the same Distributed Router for their default gateway. VM-B receives an IP message from VM-A.

What is the source MAC address of the IP message received by VM-B?

- A. VM-A's MAC address.
- B. VM-B's default gateway's MAC Address.
- C. VM-A's default gateway's MAC address.
- D. Logical Switch 7321's MAC address.

Answer: A

Question No : 44

An administrator consults with the network team and decides that Transport Zones will be configured with Hybrid Replication Mode for a new NSX for vSphere deployment.

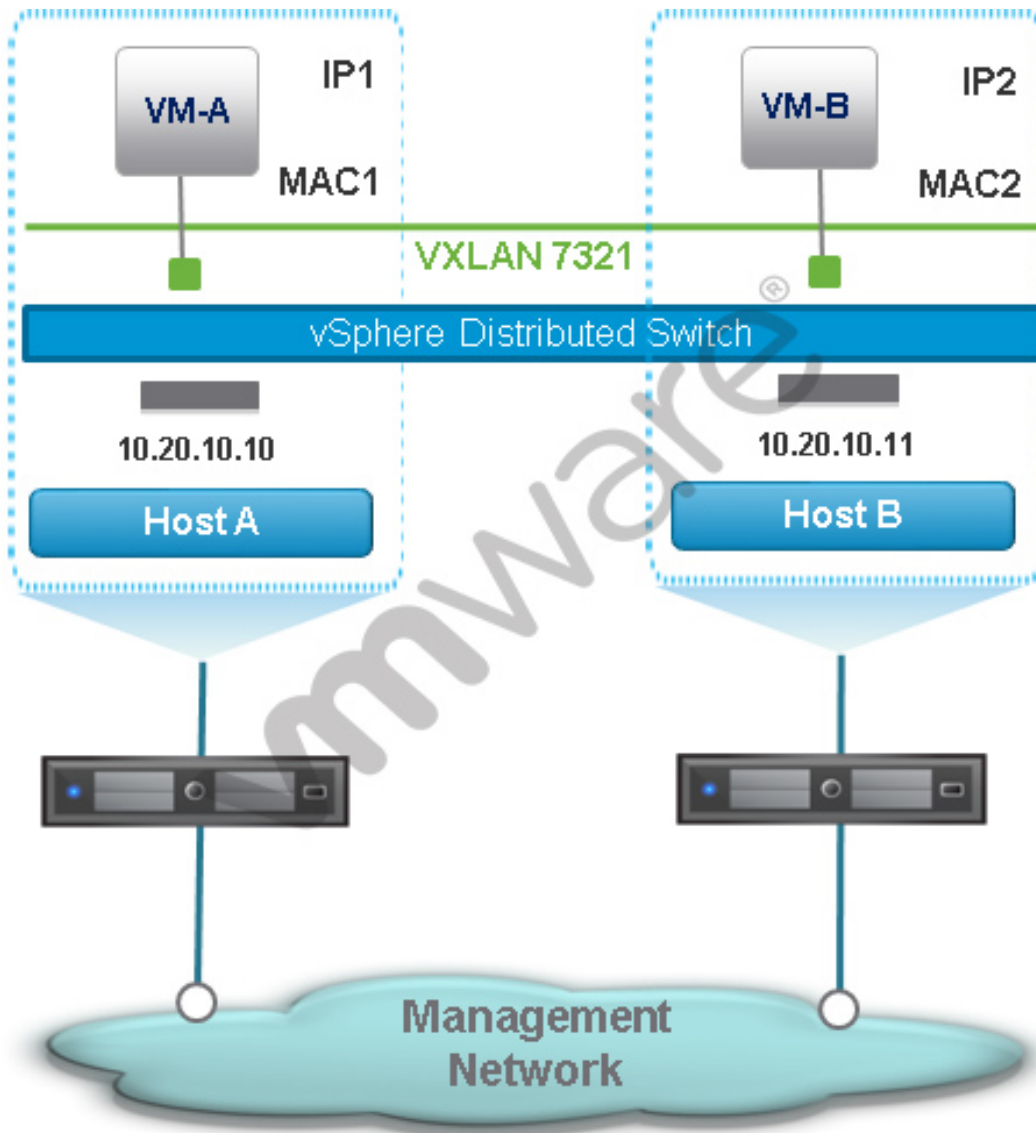
Which statement is true?

- A. The Ethernet segments where the VTEPs are connected have some level of multicast support.
- B. The physical network is configured to support multicast.
- C. The ESXi hosts in the Transport Zone are running on different server hardware.
- D. A multicast range has been configured in the NSX Manager as part of the Logical Network Preparation.

Answer: A

Question No : 45

-- Exhibit--



-- Exhibit --

An NSX administrator creates the NSX network in the exhibit:

What destination IP address will Host-A use when sending a VXLAN frame to Host-B?

- A. The IP address of one of Host-B's new vmkernel ports created during host configuration.
- B. The IP address of Host-B's management vmkernel port, which is also the VTEP IP address.
- C. The IP address of Host-B's NSX Controller. The NSX Controller forwards the VXLAN frame to Host-B.
- D. The IP address Host-B provided to Host-A during VXLAN tunnel setup negotiations.

Answer: A

Question No : 46

How is the Bridge Instance chosen?

- A. It is chosen based on the ESXi host where the Logical Router Control VM is running.
- B. It is manually assigned by the vSphere administrator when the distributed portgroup is configured.
- C. During an election process among all ESXi hosts. The host with the highest MAC address is selected.
- D. The VTEP configured with the highest VXLAN Network Identifier (VNI) is selected.

Answer: A

Question No : 47

Which two options are use cases of Layer 2 bridging in NSX for vSphere? (Choose two.)

- A. Extend the network security to physical devices in the physical network by use of the Distributed Firewall.
- B. Extend physical services to Virtual Machines in virtual network.
- C. Allow clustering of multiple NSX Managers in a single vCenter Server instance.
- D. Allow physical devices in the physical network to use the NSX Edge Gateway as a default router.

Answer: B,D

Question No : 48

Which components are required to enable layer 2 bridging? (Choose two.)

- A. Distributed firewall rule to allow layer 2 traffic in the bridge.
- B. Deployed Logical Switch.
- C. Deployed Logical Router.
- D. VLAN trunk configured on logical switch.

Answer: A,C

Question No : 49

Which two are valid types of authentication for an OSPF area? (Choose two.)

- A. Password authentication
- B. MD5 authentication
- C. SHA1 authentication
- D. LDAP authentication

Answer: A,B

Question No : 50

A vSphere administrator wants to add a VLAN LIF to a Distributed Router. What must the vSphere administrator do for the VLAN LIF to be added successfully?

- A. The vSphere administrator must assign a VLAN number to the distributed portgroup that the VLAN LIF connects to.
- B. The vSphere administrator must assign a VLAN number to the Distributed Router that the Logical Switch connects to.
- C. The vSphere administrator must assign a VLAN number to the Logical Switch that the Distributed Router connects to.
- D. The vSphere administrator must assign a VLAN number to the uplink on the distributed switch that the VLAN LIF connects to.

Answer: A

Question No : 51

A vSphere administrator added a new interface to a Distributed Router with a subnet of 172.16.10.0/24 and wants to make this subnet reachable to the rest of the network. How can the vSphere administrator achieve this?

- A. Enable OSPF on the Distributed Router. Configure the uplink interface in the Backbone area and redistribute into OSPF the 172.16.10.0/24 subnet.

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