



**Exam Code:** NS0-131

**Exam Name:** Network Appliance Data Protection Exam  
7G

**Vendor:** Network Appliance

**Version:** DEMO

## Part: A

1: Which one of the following /etc/snapmirror.conf entries will not support synchronous SnapMirror?

A.FilerA:source\_vol FilerB:destination\_vol - sync

B.FilerA:source\_vol FilerB:destination\_vol outstanding=3s sync

C.FilerA:source\_vol FilerB:destination\_vol ?0-55/5 \* \* \*

D.FilerA:source\_vol FilerB:destination\_vol visibility\_interval=1hr, outstanding=3ms, cksum=crc32 sync

**Correct Answers: C**

2: After a SnapRestore reversion of a volume, incremental backup and restore operations on the file or volume cannot rely on the timestamps to determine what data needs to be backed up or restored. Which one of the following is the most likely course of action to take to ensure correct incremental backups?

A.Perform a base-level backup of the volume after you restore it.

B.Reboot the storage appliance to reset timestamps back to their original times before the reversion.

C.Take a new snapshot of the volume to create new base-level timestamps for the incremental backup.

D.First perform choice c and then choice a.

**Correct Answers: A**

3: Five minutes ago, you performed a single file SnapRestore on a large NFS file. 40% of your NFS users are now complaining about getting tale file handles?for the file. Which one of the following is the most likely cause of this problem, and the best procedure to correct it?

A.These users are on a different subnet from the others. Start troubleshooting by checking their subnet.

B.After a single file SnapRestore, NFS users have to reboot their systems. Have them reboot their systems.

C.This might be due to an NFS storage appliance and client version mis-match. Check to see that these users have the same version of the NFS client that existed at the time the snapshot was taken.

D.NFS users who try to access a reverted file without first reopening it might get a tale file handle error message. Have the users try to reopen the file and see if the problem is resolved.

**Correct Answers: D**

4: One of the results of the snapmirror resync command is that newer snapshots after the baseline will be deleted at the destination, and older snapshots before the baseline will be deleted at the source.

A.True

B.False

**Correct Answers: A**

5: SnapMirror will automatically try to restart a transfer after : \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. An initial transfer is interrupted
- B. A scheduled incremental update is interrupted
- C. A manual update is interrupted
- D. A transfer interrupted by reboot

**Correct Answers: B**

6: Which option of the snap restore command allows you to specify a different directory, as long as the directory already exists?

- A. snap restore -r
- B. snap restore -d
- C. snap restore -s
- D. snap restore -c

**Correct Answers: A**

7: After you use SnapRestore to revert a volume to a specific snapshot ?

- A. snapshots that are older than the snapshot you used to revert are deleted.
- B. the storage appliance automatically performs a snapshot for that volume.
- C. snapshots that are more recent than the snapshot you used to revert are deleted.
- D. you must bring the volume back online.

**Correct Answers: C**

8: You want to create an automated test environment that performs a single file SnapRestore. Every time you run the procedure, however, SnapRestore prompts you to confirm your decision to revert the file. How can you automate this step?

- A. Enter the priv set advanced mode on the storage appliance and the prompt will not appear.
- B. Enable the options snaprestore\_noprompts enable=on option.
- C. Use the option with the snap restore command.
- D. These prompts are for data protection and auditing and cannot be overridden.

**Correct Answers: C**

9: Which one of the following statements does not apply when initializing a SnapLock compliance volume as a SnapMirror destination volume?

- A. Use regular SnapMirror commands.
- B. Destination volume must be non-SnapLock.
- C. Use the option.
- D. Data ONTAP will convert the destination volume to a SnapLock Compliance volume after the initial transfer is complete.

**Correct Answers: A**

10: You are unable to add secondary/primary system from the DFM GUI. Which three of the following would you check?

- A. See if NDMP is enabled.
- B. See if NDMP access to DFM has been granted.

- C. See if the password matches.
- D. See if the secondary volume is out of space.

**Correct Answers: A B C**

11: When you create a restricted volume to be used as the destination for SnapMirror data replication, which command allows you to check the size of the source and destination volumes?

- A. sysconfig -v
- B. df
- C. vol status
- D. vol mirror -v

**Correct Answers: C**

12: Which entry in the /etc/snapmirror.conf file will allow you to replicate /vol/flexvol0/qtree on netapp1 (source qtree) to /vol/flexvol0/qtmirror on netapp2 (destination)?

- A. netapp2:/vol/flexvol0/qtree netapp1:/vol/flexvol0/qtmirror - \* \* \* \*
- B. netapp1:/vol/flexvol0/qtree netapp2:/vol/flexvol0/qtmirror - \* \* \* \*
- C. netapp1:/vol/flexvol0/qtree netapp2:/vol/flexvol2/qtmirror - \* \* \* \*
- D. netapp1:/vol/flexvol0/qtree netapp1:/vol/flexvol0/qtmirror - \* \* \* \*

**Correct Answers: B**

13: When using DFM, what do you not need to know?

- A. Path on the original primary directory to restore
- B. The scope of the restore
- C. The destination of the restore
- D. The duration of the restore

**Correct Answers: D**

14: Which of the following is not a pre-requisite for using SnapRestore?

- A. You must enter the SnapRestore license code before you can use it.
- B. Snapshots must exist on the storage appliance so that you can select a snapshot for the reversion.
- C. The volume to be reverted must be offline.
- D. The volume to be reverted must not be a SnapMirror destination.

**Correct Answers: C**

15: A volume can contain up to \_\_\_ snapshots concurrently.

- A. 125
- B. 225
- C. 255
- D. Depends on capacity and number of disk drives

**Correct Answers: C**