



**Exam Code:** 1z0-235

**Exam Name:** Oracle 11i Applications DBA:Fundamentals I

**Vendor:** Oracle

**Version:** DEMO

## Part: A

1: You receive the following error while connecting to an Oracle9i database instance:

ORA-12523 TNS:listener could not find instance appropriate for the client connection

Which action would be appropriate in the context of investigating the cause of error?

A.checking the listener.ora file to verify that the protocol specified in ADDRESS is supported by the database server

B.checking the sqlnet.ora file to verify that the NAMES.DIRECTORY\_PATH = (TNSNAMES,HOSTNAME)parameter is set

C.executing the lsnrctl services command to verify that the instances are registered with the listener, and have the READY status.

D.checking the tnsnames.ora file to verify that the net service name specified in your connect string is mapped to a connect descriptor

**Correct Answers: C**

2: You are using rollback segments in your database. To ease transaction management, you want to implement automatic undo management by using the following steps:

1. creating an undo tablespace

2. setting the UNDO\_MANAGEMENT parameter to AUTO in the parameter file

3. changing the tablespace that has the rollback segments to an undo tablespace by using the ALTER TABLESPACE command

4. setting the UNDO\_TABLESPACE parameter to the tablespace that has the rollback segments

5. dropping the rollback segments and create undo segments in the same tablespace that has the rollback segments

Which option would you use?

A.3 only

B.1 and 2 only

C.2 and 3 only

D.3 and 5 only

E.2 and 5 only

**Correct Answers: B**

3: You specified extent management as local for a tablespace. How will this affect space management in the tablespace?

A.Bitmap will be used to record free and allocated extents.

B.Free extents will be managed by the data dictionary tables.

C.The tablespace can have extents containing blocks of different sizes.

D.The tablespace will be system managed and the users cannot specify the extent size.

**Correct Answers: A**

4: Which statement regarding the KEEP buffer pool is true assuming that it is sized correctly?

A.The buffer pool can be used for data blocks of standard size only.

B.The buffer pool can be used for data blocks of both standard and nonstandard sizes.

C.The buffer pool eliminates data blocks from memory when they are no longer needed.

D.The buffer pool holds data blocks from schema objects that are not assigned to any buffer pool.

**Correct Answers: A**

5: Which two statements are true regarding object privileges? (Choose two.)

A.The privileges cannot be granted to a user in the form of a role.

B.The object owner can grant the privileges to any other user in the database.

C.Any user that has the GRANT ANY OBJECT PRIVILEGE can grant the privileges on behalf of the object owner.

D.The grantee of the privileges with WITH GRANT OPTION can revoke the same privileges from any other user irrespective of its grantor.

**Correct Answers: B C**

6: Which two statements are true regarding the temporary tablespace? (Choose two.)

A.Used for sort operations

B.Can contain permanent objects

C.Cannot be shared by multiple users

D.Cannot be created with nonstandard block size specification

**Correct Answers: A D**

7: You want to reuse all the existing data files, control files, and redo log files to re-create your test database. You execute the following command to create the database:

```
CREATE DATABASE testdb
  DATAFILE
    '/u01/oradata/testdb/system01.dbf'
  SIZE 100M REUSE
  LOGFILE
    GROUP 1 ('/u01/oradata/testdb/log1a.rdo',
            '/u02/oradata/testdb/log1b.rdo')
    SIZE 50K REUSE,
    GROUP 2 ('/u01/oradata/testdb/log2a.rdo',
            '/u02/oradata/testdb/log2b.rdo')
    SIZE 50K REUSE
  MAXLOGFILES 5
  MAXLOGHISTORY 100
  MAXDATAFILES 10;
```

The command fails to create the database successfully. What could be the reason?

A.You have set MAXLOGFILES to a very low value.

B.You cannot reuse the online redo log files.

C.You have omitted the CONTROLFILE REUSE clause.

D.You cannot reuse the data file belonging to the SYSTEM tablespace.

**Correct Answers: C**

8: Which three statements are correct regarding the listener process? (Choose three.)

- A.A listener can be configured to listen for multiple protocols.
- B.Multiple listeners cannot listen on behalf of a single database.
- C.The name of the listener should be unique per listener.ora file.
- D.A listener can listen for a single database only and not multiple databases.
- E.The listener transfers the connection request to a dispatcher in a Shared Server configuration.
- F.The listener transfers the connection request to the Connection Manager in a Dedicated Server configuration.

**Correct Answers: A C E**

9: View the Exhibit.

Examine the value set for the NAMES.DIRECTORY\_PATH parameter in the sqlnet.ora file. You are working in a TCP/IP network environment. What will happen when you try to connect to the database from a remote client?

```

# SQLNET.ORA Network Configuration File:
E:\ora9i\NETWORK\ADMIN\sqlnet.ora
# Generated by Oracle configuration tools.

NAMES.DEFAULT_DOMAIN = idc.oracle.com

SQLNET.AUTHENTICATION_SERVICES= (NTS)

NAMES.DIRECTORY_PATH= (TNSNAMES, HOSTNAME)

```

- A.The local naming method will be used first to resolve a connect identifier.
- B.It will result in an error because two values cannot be specified for the NAMES.DIRECTORY\_PATH parameter.
- C.If the local naming method is unable to resolve the connect identifier, then Oracle Names server will be used to resolve the connect identifier.
- D.If the host naming method is unable to resolve the connect identifier, then the net service name stored in a centralized LDAP-compliant directory server is used to resolve the connect identifier.

**Correct Answers: A**

10: You are working in a dedicated server environment. You require the PMON process to register with a local listener, lsnr1, which does not use TCP/IP, port 1521. The protocol address of lsnr1 is available in the listener.ora file. What would you do?

- A.configure the LOCAL\_LISTENER parameter in the initialization parameter file
- B.configure the SID\_LIST\_LISTENER parameter in the listener.ora file
- C.execute the lsnrctl set command with the appropriate parameter to set the correct instance names
- D.no explicit action required because the protocol address of the listener is available in the listener.ora file

**Correct Answers: A**

11: You executed the following command to grant the CONNECT role to the USER01 user:

```
SQL> GRANT connect to USER01  
      WITH ADMIN OPTION;
```

Which statement is true?

- A.The user can grant the role to any database user but cannot revoke it.
- B.The user can grant or revoke the role to or from any database user.
- C.The user can revoke the role from any database user but cannot grant it.
- D.The statement fails because the CONNECT role cannot be granted with WITH ADMIN OPTION.
- E.The user can grant or revoke the role to or from any database user except the SYS and SYSTEM users.

**Correct Answers: B**

12: Which Oracle data type should you use to store data in a database that uses multiple languages to store data?

- A.LONG
- B.CHAR
- C.VARCHAR
- D.VARCHAR2
- E.NVARCHAR2

**Correct Answers: E**

13: You executed the following command to create an index on CUSTOMER\_ID and ITEMS\_ID columns in the ORDERS table:

```
SQL> CREATE INDEX orders_prim_indx  
      ON orders (customer_id, items_id);
```

In which two conditions would a query use this index? (Choose two.)

- A.when both the columns are used in the WHERE clause of the query
- B.when both the columns are used in the SELECT clause of the query
- C.when the CUSTOMER\_ID column is used in the WHERE clause of the query
- D.when the ITEMS\_ID column is used with a single row function in the WHERE clause of the query

**Correct Answers: A C**

14: When is the control file opened?

- A.after the data files are opened
- B.after the parameter file is opened
- C.after the redo log files are opened
- D.after the parameter file, data files, and redo log files are opened
- E.before the parameter file, data files, and redo log files are opened

**Correct Answers: B**

15: Querying which two dynamic performance views would retrieve information from the control file? (Choose two.)

- A.V\$SGA
- B.V\$TEMPFILE
- C.V\$INSTANCE
- D.V\$DATABASE
- E.V\$PARAMETER

**Correct Answers: B D**

16: You work for a company having two databases, one located in India and another in New York. You want to use Enterprise Manager to administer, diagnose, and tune these two databases. Which component would you configure to run on each of the nodes where database servers run to achieve this task?

- A.Intelligent Agent
- B.INTYPE file assistant
- C.Management Repository
- D.Oracle Management Server

**Correct Answers: A**

17: Which three functions are provided by undo segments? (Choose three.)

- A.to avoid dead locks
- B.to maintain read consistency
- C.to roll back an erroneous transaction
- D.to record the old values of a transaction
- E.to record both old and new values of a transaction

**Correct Answers: B C D**

18: Which view would you query to identify the space utilization settings for tables owned by the APPS user?

- A.DBA\_OBJECTS
- B.DBA\_EXTENTS
- C.DBA\_SEGMENTS
- D.DBA\_OBJECT\_TABLES

**Correct Answers: C**

19: Consider the following facts about your database:

- The database operates in NOARCHIVELOG mode.
- The database has three redo log groups.
- All the groups have one member each.
- Redo log group 3 is the CURRENT group.

You executed the following command:

```
SQL> ALTER DATABASE DROP LOGFILE MEMBER  
2 'D:\ORACLE\ORADATA\MYDB\REDO03.LOG';
```

The command fails to drop the member. What is the reason displayed for the failure of the command?

- A.You cannot drop the last member in a group.

- B.You cannot drop a member until checkpoint completes.
- C.You cannot drop a member when the database is open.
- D.You cannot drop a member from a group as the database is in NOARCHIVELOG mode.

**Correct Answers: A**

20: A session in the database should not have access to the uncommitted changes made by other sessions. How does the Oracle server ensure this?

- A.by using the redo log buffer
- B.by using the undo segment
- C.by using the temporary tables
- D.by using the online redo log files
- E.by using the temporary segment

**Correct Answers: B**